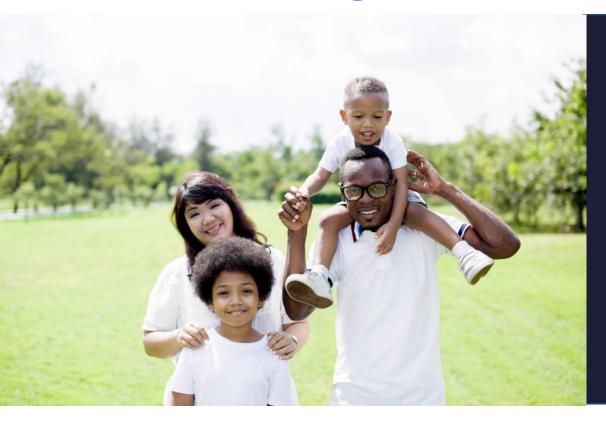
## Supporting Students in Temporary Housing



## Working With Parents Experiencing Homelessness



Presented By: NYS TEACHS Thursday, December 8, 2022 9:30am - 11:00am



## Webinar Format



Today's session will be recorded.



Your microphone will be automatically muted.



Your camera will be automatically disabled.



The in-webinar chat will allow you to communicate with the panelists and host only.





For questions, please email Rita Danis at <a href="mailto:RDanis@measinc.com">RDanis@measinc.com</a> She will get back to you as soon as she is able.

## Housekeeping



- We will launch poll questions periodically throughout the session and ask you to put your answers in the chat.
- We won't be able to answer questions about specific situations in the chat, but we welcome you to call the Help Line to discuss these issues at 800-388-2014.
- The Help Line is open 24 hours a day. Specialists are available from 9:00am 5:00pm. If you leave a message, you will be called back by the next business day.
- ☐ Following today's webinar, today's recorded session, attachments, and Q&As will be posted/accessible on the NYS TEACHS website.

## Who Is In The Room?

### Are you a...

- New McKinney-Vento Liaison (1st Year)
- McKinney-Vento Liaison (2-4 years)
- McKinney-Vento Liaison (5-9 years)
- McKinney-Vento Liaison (10+ years)
- Other School/District Staff



### Which region are you from?

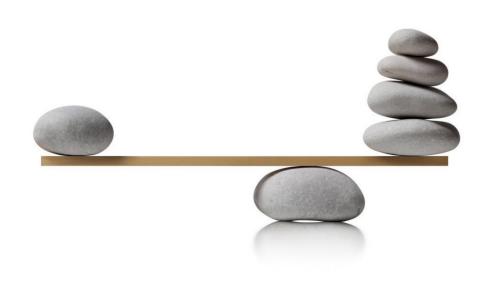
- \* Western
- \* Finger Lakes
- \* Central
- \* Southern Tier
- \* Mohawk Valley

- \* Capital
- \* Hudson Valley
- \* New York City
  - \* Long Island
  - \* North Country





## Session Outcomes



By the end of today's webinar, participants will be able to:

- Identify the key provisions of the McKinney-Vento Act as it relates to the rights of parents
- Describe the barriers when partnering with parents.
- Employ strategies for building trust and de-escalating conflicts.
- Access resources for the dispute resolution process.





## Today's Agenda



Welcome! Who is in the Room?



Challenges Parents Face



**Building Trust** 



Dispute Process



Strategies for Success



Summary, Survey, and Resources





- Click the Padlet link in the Chat.
- For each column that you want to respond to:
  - 1. Click the + at the bottom of the column
  - 2. Click where it says "Subject"
  - 3. Write your response and click "Publish" to post
    - → To like someone's comment, click the icon.

#### To return to the Zoom meeting

On a laptop: go to the Taskbar or Dock and click the Zoom icon.

On a mobile device: go to your home screen and click the Zoom app.

→If for any reason you leave the meeting accidentally, just click on the meeting link to return.





## Premises for this Presentation

- Parents love their kids and want the best for them, including the best education; this is not impacted by homelessness.
- Parents experiencing homelessness should have the same consideration and opportunities for decision making regarding their child's education, as does any other parent.
- Many parents experiencing homelessness have great difficulty working with schools and supporting their child's education.
- Local liaisons and schools can help parents become effective partners in their child's education.





## Parents and the McKinney-Vento Act



Provisions in the Law Related to the Rights of Parents





## Parents and the McKinney-Vento Act - Key Provisions

- Provide transportation to and from the school of origin, at the request of a parent; ensure that parents are informed of all transportation services available to them.
- Presume that keeping a child or youth in the school of origin, except when doing so is contrary to the request of the child's or youth's parent; give priority to the request of the parent regarding school selection.
- If the LEA disagrees with the parent's request, the LEA must provide a written explanation of the reasons and include information on the right to appeal the decision according to the dispute resolution policy.





## Parents and the McKinney-Vento Act - Key Provisions

Local liaisons must inform parents of children experiencing homelessness of educational opportunities for their children and provide them with meaningful opportunities to participate in the education of their children.

Post public notices of the educational rights of children experiencing homelessness, at locations frequented by parents or guardians, in easy to understandable ways.







# Barriers to Partnering With Parents







## What We Hear From Local Liaisons

I don't think the mom was even listening to me.

The parent insisted that we enroll her child in a school that wasn't the local school or the school of origin.

We arranged a bus pick up and the child wasn't there.

The dad barged into the office and told me off!



The mom lied about where they were staying.





## Why Parents Experiencing Homelessness May Be Difficult

What a Parent May Bring to the Table	Behaviors Demonstrated
Parent may have unmet basic needs; feels stressed	Rudeness, lack of focus
Parent is embarrassed and defensive about homelessness; fearful of their child being removed	Rudeness, unwillingness to provide information, lying
Parent may have had bad experiences in school or other systems; mistrusts the liaison or any other administrator	Ready to fight for what they want (any means justifies the end); expectation that the liaison will provide barriers; confrontational and bullying





## Why Parents Experiencing Homelessness May Be Difficult

What a Parent May Bring to the Table	Behaviors Demonstrated
Parent feels hopeless and defeated	Unwilling to be an active partner, forgetful of what was agreed to, misses deadlines or appointments i.e "client mentality"
Parents are unfamiliar with resources or what their educational rights are	Frustration over how to help their child, or at how little the local liaison or school is willing to do
Parents may have mental illness or substance abuse problems	Inappropriate, aggressive, or confrontational interactions





# Barriers to Partnering With Parents



Trauma Impacts





## What Is Trauma?

- Emotional response to a distressing event that overwhelms the person's ability to cope or integrate the emotions involved with the experience.
- Results in intense feelings of fear and lack of control.
- Leaves people feeling helpless.
- Changes the way individuals understand themselves, the world, and others.
- Can occur even if the event did not cause physical harm.
- It is the person's experience of the event, not the event itself, that determines whether something is traumatic.

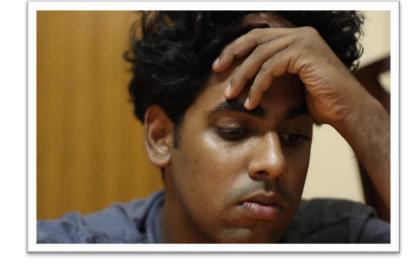






## What Is Complex Trauma?

- Chronic exposure to traumatic events
- Results are similar to PTSD
- Adversely affects attention, memory, cognition
  - Interferes with effective problem solving and planning
  - Results in overwhelming feelings of frustration and anxiety
- Can lead people to be suspicious and distrustful; over-react to minor disagreements or understandings







## What Is a Trigger?



- False alarm that reminds someone of a traumatic event
- Evokes a response as if the traumatic event was truly occurring
- Over-activates the amygdala, which helps regulate how we respond to fear, and results in a survival response: flight, fight, or freeze

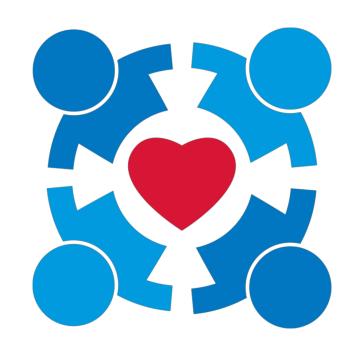




## There Is Always a Story Behind the Behavior

A key question to ask is, "What happened to you?"

Not, "What is wrong with you?"







## What are some possible stories (explanations) behind these behaviors? <a href="https://padlet.com/lstreifert/grrfn0tpksko9apw">https://padlet.com/lstreifert/grrfn0tpksko9apw</a>

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## Strategies



Supportive Partnerships With Parents





## Build a Relationship

- Maintain frequent contact
- □ Find common ground
- Acknowledge that they are trying to be good parents; find something positive to say about their parenting, even if it's small
- Provide a welcoming school environment







## Be Respectful



- Watch tone, body language, or other ways that reinforce a power differential
- Avoid intimidation strategies
- Make meetings and procedures convenient; be flexible with deadlines
- Actively listen determine what the parent is really angry about





## Use Trauma-Informed Strategies to De-escalate

- Use a calm, low voice.
- Don't rush the parent; suggest a moment to take a breath.
- Modulate your own trauma response: flight, fight, or freeze.
- Understand that parents may have their own negative school experiences that they bring to the situation.







## Make Expectations Clear

- Provide a written handbook for parents who are new to the school district.
- Don't blindside parents, especially with written correspondence sent to them by mail or via their children.
- Be clear about what you can do and cannot do.
- Our parent resources can help explain the McKinney-Vento Act to parents.





## Help Parents Be Successful



- Help keep them accountable (e.g., a parent contract for transportation to the school of origin, a meeting reminder by phone call).
- Help them advocate appropriately for their child and navigate complex systems in the LEA.
- Connect them to resources.





## Sometimes You Have to Draw the Line

- Know when to end a conversation. Don't tolerate dishonest or abusive behavior but leave the path open to resolution or redemption (e.g., reschedule a meeting without judgment or threat).
- ☐ Have a third party available to facilitate a subsequent meeting.
- Initiate the dispute process.





## Use the M-V Dispute Process as a Tool for Resolution

- Provide a written notice (required by law).
- Review the dispute process with the parent-in person if possible.
- Be mindful of what you say-be objective.
- Keep detailed notes of your conversations.
- Assist the parent in gathering evidence.
- If the dispute does not rule in the parent's favor, assist them and their child with any transitions.







## What Are Some Possible Strategies to Address These Situations? <a href="https://padlet.com/lstreifert/dxzlc0rf8w3bacn3">https://padlet.com/lstreifert/dxzlc0rf8w3bacn3</a>

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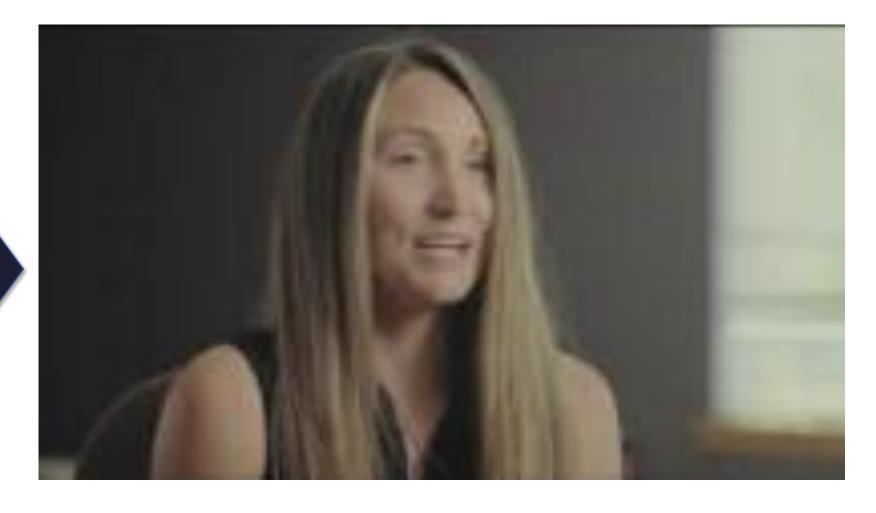


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## Video: Maria's Story







## Wrap Up

In the chat, complete the following sentence:

"Local liaisons are important to parents experiencing homelessness, because liaisons can ..."









National Center for Homeless Education. (2020). *Homeless Liaison Toolkit:* <a href="https://nche.ed.gov/homeless-liaison-toolkit/">https://nche.ed.gov/homeless-liaison-toolkit/</a>

Dispute Resolution/Appeals Process | NYSTEACHS

National Center for Homeless Education. Parent Involvement web page

National Child Traumatic Stress Network Core Curriculum on Childhood Trauma Task Force (2012). "The 12 core concepts: Concepts for understanding traumatic stress responses in children and families."

Parents & Students | NYSTEACHS





## Session Survey

Please take a few moments to complete our survey.



#### Survey Link:

https://mi-surveys.com/WorkingWithParentsExpHomelessness120822



We appreciate your feedback! Responses are used in the planning of upcoming Professional Learning sessions.





## Technical and Educational Assistance Center

- Help Line (800-388-2014)
- Website (<a href="https://nysteachs.org">https://nysteachs.org</a>)
- Web-Based Trainings
- Outreach Materials
  - For outreach materials, email Ailin Mendoza: amendoza@measinc.com



The New York State Technical and Educational Assistance Center for Homeless Students

#### Next Webinar:

Promoting Students' Mental Health Thursday, December 15, 2022 12:30pm-2pm



